

Beat the Chill

By: Sharon Liao

The right layers of clothing can keep you warm and comfortable all winter long.

When the temperature drops, wearing the right clothing when you head out into the elements can ease the ache in your joints. "The best way to beat the chill is by wearing layers," says Heidi V. Freeman, PhD, an assistant professor of kinesiology at the University of the Sciences in Philadelphia. Layering lightweight fabrics can keep you toasty with less bulk. Here's how

Begin With the Base – A wicking layer comes first. Instead of cotton, which holds moisture, opt for long underwear made of silk or a polyester or nylon blend.

Add Insulation – Your second layer should provide warmth. Wear a fleece or lightweight down jacket or a wool sweater.

Keep Toes Toasty – Avoid overly heavy socks that lead to tight-fitting shoes; a little room for warm air helps insulate. Wool or wool-blend socks, such as those with nylon or Lycra, provide cushioning and flexibility and keep feet dry.

Top It Off – You lose up to 10 percent of body heat through your head, so wear a wind-blocking wool or fleece beanie.

Protect Your Neck – A scarf, balaclava, or neck gaiter can shield your neck and face.

Block the Elements – For rain or snow, a hard-shell jacket (a waterproof, windproof, breathable layer), such as one made with Gore-Tex, is best. For less severe weather, wear a soft-shell jacket (a flexible, water-repellent layer), such as one made with polyester or water-repellent down.

Grab Gloves – Waterproof, insulated gloves made with Gore-Tex or water-resistant fabric should have a slight bend, which relieves pressure on hands when gripping. Gloves are rated by temperature, so choose a pair that matches your climate.

Skip the Jeans – Opt for quick-drying pants made from wool, wool-synthetic blends, or a water-resistant treated fabric, such as polyester. For chillier climates, choose fleece- or flannel-insulated pants.

Source: Arthritis Today

www.commonhealth.virginia.gov

The contents of the CommonHealth weekly emails may be reprinted from an outside resource in the area of health, safety, and wellness and is intended to provide one or more views on a topic. These views do not necessarily represent the views of the Commonwealth of Virginia, CommonHealth, or any particular agency and are offered for educational purposes. If you have questions or concerns about this article, please email us at wellness@dhrm.virginia.gov